OVERVIEW OF THE IHS REVENUE CYCLE

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Outline

- Outcomes for today's presentation
- Alternate Resources to Consider
- Team Approach
- What are <u>ALL</u> the Roles that contribute to the Third Party Revenue Generation Cycle?
- Disruptions in the Revenue Cycle
- Establishing Rules
- Benefits of Successful Implementation

Outcomes

- 1) Describe the Indian Health Service policy for recording, controlling, and accounting for patient-related resources.
- 2) Understand the process of specific internal controls to safeguard and properly account for third-party related revenue.
- 3) Explain the authorities for collecting debts owed to the IHS by third-party sources and non-beneficiary patients.

- 1) Describe the Indian Health Service policy for recording, controlling, and accounting for patient-related resources.
- Through rules, regulations and policy, IHS records, controls, safeguards, protects, and accounts for all patient related resources.
- Documentation of all services, eligibility, demographics, etc. are captured in the RPMS system.
- This same system is used to bill and collect on all available Alternate Resources.
- Each program responsible for the revenue cycle has set policies and processes in place to ensure that patient related resources are accounted for and protected.

- 2) Understand the process of specific internal controls to safeguard and properly account for third-party related revenue.
- The Indian Health Service has implemented and follows the Third Party Revenue Accounts Management and Internal Controls Policy.
- This Policy establishes various Internal Controls that are to be implemented at the Area and Facility level that oversee the Revenue Cycle.
- Documentation, Coding, Billing, Collections, Accounts Receivable Management, Debt Management all have specific Internal Controls in place.
- These internal controls are monitored through the online reporting tool and self assessment and monitored by Headquarters.

- 3) Explain how the authorities for collecting debts owed to the IHS by third-party sources and non-beneficiary patients.
- Through various authorities, IHS has the legal right to collect from all third party sources.
 Traditionally this has included Medicare, Medicaid, Private Insurance, non-beneficiaries, and a handful of other entities.
- Expanded resources include: Veterans
 Administration, State and Federal Exchanges,
 Tribal Self Insurance (through agreement),
 Expanded Medicaid, etc.

Alternate Resources to Consider

- Medicare (Parts A, B, C, and D)
- Medicaid (with or without Expansion)
- CHIP (Children's Health Insurance Program)
- Private Insurance
- Beneficiary Medical Program (Commissioned Officers)
- CHAMPUS/Tricare
- Workmen's Compensation
- Veterans Administration
- Etc.

Team Approach

- It may take at least 15 different Individuals/ Interactions/Functions to Generate \$1 for your facility.
- All the parts must communicate & work together
- Facility must establish a Third Party Revenue Team
- As the following slides will show, it takes a TEAM to RECORD, CONTROL, and ACCOUNT for Patient Related Resources.
- Separation Of Duties To ensure Proper Internal Controls and Accountability are implemented, Separation of Duties must be considered.

What are these Individual Functions?

- 1) PatientRegistration/Admissions/Appointments
- 2) Nursing/Triage
- 3) Benefits Coordination
- 4) Provider Services (including Ancillary)
- 5) Chart Review
- 6) Coding
- 7) Medical Records
- 8) Data Entry

- 9) Billing
- 10) Collections
- 11) Financial Management
- 12) Accounts Receivable
- 13) Management (includes Marketing)
- 14) Systems Development
- 15) Compliance

For each and every patient !!!

Patient Registration

- Interviews patients to obtain/update identifying demographic and eligibility information upon EVERY VISIT
- Responsible for verifying eligibility information
- Gathers required signatures and documents from the patient
- Often Responsible for obtaining pre-certification (approval) for certain procedures.
- Refer Patients to Benefits Coordinator when necessary.
- If this is the first point of contact, the "Check In" process can be initiated at this time. (Establishing the "Account")
- Often promotes Positive image for the entire patient visit.
- 50% of Billing Information
- Record Alternate Resources and Demographics
- Outreach and Education of ALL alternate Resources

Nursing/Triage

- Triage Nurse often assesses the situation. Is this an Emergency?
- Nurses record (documents) the Date, Time, Clinic Code,
 Vital Signs, and Chief Complaint.
- Supply Capture
- May identify preventive services and opportunities of care.
- Triage Nurse may be the first to see the patient, and may initiate the "Check-In" process, which will generate a "skeletal" Patient Care Component (PCC) Visit in the RPMS system.
- PHN Visit
- Nurse Only Visits
- DOCUMENTATION, DOCUMENTATION, DOCUMENTATION
- Record Services Provided

Benefits Coordination

- Determines and Records if the patient is eligible for some "not yet identified" Alternate Resource.
- Outreach and Education on all alternate Resources
- Liaison between facility, patient, and local, State, and Federal Agencies.
- Serves as a Patient Advocate for scheduling appointments and follow up with different Alternate Resource Programs.
- Assists with Application process for Alternate Resources (Medicaid, Marketplace, VA, etc.)
- Explains the benefits of Alternate Resources to the Patients.
- Beneficial to both PRC (cost shifting) and Direct Care (additional revenue) Services.

Providers

- Provide Services and distribute Meds and Supplies.
- Proper Documentation of Services by ALL Providers.
- Documents to meet all Legal, IHS, and Billing Requirements.
- Documentation must be completed in a timely manner.
- Documentation includes Evaluation and Management E/M coding requirements (History, exam, medical decision making, supplies given, labs/x-rays orders, meds prescribed, education, consultations, etc.)
- Increase in Documentation Requirement
- PCC, PCC+, EHR, etc. (DATA CAPTURE)
- PIN versus UPIN versus NPI REQUIREMENTS
- DOCUMENTATION, DOCUMENTATION, DOCUMENTATION

Chart Review/Analysis

- The Responsibility of the Chart Review is to ensure that all documentation that is required is present, and the Encounter Form is completed according to preset guidelines.
 - Accurate Clinic Code and Visit Type
 - Vitals are present if necessary
 - Correct Providers are documented
 - Encounter Form is signed and dated properly
 - Chief Complaint and Purpose of Visit (Diagnosis) are present.
- Communicates to and Educates the Provider in enhancing documentation and data integrity.
- Incomplete/inaccurate encounter forms are returned to the provider PRIOR to going on to the next step of Coding.

Coding

- Certified Coding is an essential part of the IHS process.
- Translators
- Every Diagnosis and Procedure and Supply is coded according to the ICD-9 and HCPCS (CPT) guidelines.
- Codes are written, or verified, directly on the encounter form. (PCC, PCC+, EHR, Dictations, etc.)
- Incomplete/inaccurate encounter forms are returned to the provider PRIOR to going on to the next step, Medical Records.
- Communicates and Educates the Provider in enhancing documentation and data integrity.
- ICD-10 Implementation

Health Information Management

- It is the responsibility of the HIM department to ensure that the Encounter Form is properly filed in the Chart.
 - Continuity of Care All charts must be properly maintained to ensure access to all "need to know" parties.
 - Legal Requirements
 - Lost Visits = Lost Appropriations and Revenue
- HIM often takes on the responsibility of responding to Third Party Payor Correspondence.
 - Third Party Payors often ask for "more" information before adjudicating a bill (inpatient briefs, nursing notes, etc.)

Data Capture/Entry

- The RPMS Third Party Billing Package is Totally dependent on the entries made into the PCC/EHR System
- Data Entry Technicians are responsible for capturing all visit information in the data base.
- Responsible for "merging" ancillary services to the correct "parent" visit.
- They ensure the data integrity of what has been entered.
- Orphan visits = Potential Lost Revenue, or Revenue received in Error
- Timeliness (deficient Health Summary)
- They are a "check point" to validate the accuracy of the coding.
- IHS **Statistical** Requirements
- GPRA, Cost Reports, GAO Requests, OIG Inquiries, Urban Existence, Quality Measure Reporting

Billing

- Billers Know and Apply all Billing Requirements and Rules to each individual claim before it is approved.
- They are a "check point" to validate the accuracy of the coding.
- Sequence and Link all proper diagnosis and procedures to ensure payment.
- Approve and Submit "Clean Bills" to Third Party Payors.
- Serve as the Final Check Point, to ensure we are ONLY billing for documented services, and billing for ALL documented services.
- Final check point for putting the "Agency at Risk"

Collection Process

- All Checks go to the PNC Bank Lockbox (IHS Policy on Safeguarding Third Party Collections)
- Process Electronic Funds Transfers
- Enters all Receipts into the RPMS Accounts Receivable System for further processing.
- Prepares EOB (explanation of benefits) and Collection Register to be given to Accounts Receivable Department.
- Prepares a Deposit Slip (or similar document) and submits to Area Finance for Processing.
- May be responsible for the Refund Process.
- Debt Collection Process

Financial Management

- Responsible for the Actual Deposit of any Revenue Collected at the Service Unit or Area Level.
- Reconciles with Bank if Direct Deposit (Electronic Funds Transfer) is used.
- Ensures proper Accounting for Each Source of Revenue
- Makes sure that each Service Unit/Facility has access to the revenue that the Service Unit/Facility has earned, according to Process and Policy.
- Prepares and distributes the Allotments/Distributions for each Facility/Service Unit.
- Assists in Monthly Reconciliation of Collections Received.

Accounts Receivable

- Responsible for the completion (close out) of all Patient Accounts Receivables.
- Posting of all receipts of Payments, Denials, and Adjustments to the RPMS Accounts Receivable System.
- Analyzing the receipts to determine when and if Third Party Payors need to be "questioned" on their decision of payment.
- Perform Follow Up (phone calls, correspondence, etc.) on all Aged Receivables.
- Make the determination as to whether or not a "secondary" payor should be billed.
- Ensure PROPER Payment and/or Denial
- Controllable versus Uncontrollable

Management

- Management has the overall responsibility to ensure that the "Revenue Cycle" is not broken.
- If it is broken, decisions to make process changes have to be made.
- Must have an understanding and support the entire revenue generation cycle.
- Third Party Resource and Internal Control Policy
- Ensure the necessary staff, space, training, and equipment is provided to "maximize revenue".
- Training refers to Contracted Staff as well.
- Marketing
- Auditing and Reviews

Debt Management

- Debt Management is the final step in ensuring your Revenue Cycle is secure and complete.
- IHS has the authority and liability to "turn" over all Non-Federal Debt to Treasury for collection attempts and completion once the debt has reached 180 days old.
- This includes patient account debt that is owed to us from Private Insurance Companies and Non-Beneficiaries.
- The Debt Management Policy and the Third Party Internal Control Policy ensures that each Facility and Area has a Debt Management process in place.

Systems Development

- The Revenue Generation Cycle is totally dependent on the continued enhancement, implementation, and support of System Development.
- Each system (package) is complex in its own right.
 (ADT, Scheduling, Patient Registration, PCC or EHR,
 Third Party Billing (lab, pharmacy, radiology,
 immunizations, etc), Accounts Receivable, UFMS, etc)
- Our goal is to become fully integrated/automated in order to minimize the manual efforts it takes to "Generate Revenue".

Compliance

- Compliance Plans
- All Federal, State, and Locals Rules and Regulations
- Impacts EVERY STEP of the Revenue Cycle
- OIG, Financial Standards and Principals, Billing, CMS, State Medicaid, PRO, JCAHO, AAAHC, CLIA, Etc.
- Third Party Internal Control Policy
 - Timeliness of Data Capturing, Coding, Billing, Deposits, Accountability of Revenue
 - Recording and Reporting Requirements
 - Debt Management Reguirements
 - Etc.

Disruptions in the Revenue Cycle

- What Happens when one of the previous processes does not work, or there is a disruption in the cycle?
 - Delayed Cash Flow
 - Potential Lost of Revenue
 - Unnecessary Rework
 - Inefficient and Ineffective Patient and Work Flow.

Establishing Rules/Benchmarks

- You have to set "RULES" within your Facility. Rules should mimic the Third Party Internal Control Policy or Equivalent
- For Example:
 - Rule 1 Revenue Enhancement Meetings will take place once a week
 - Rule 2 All Provider Documentation will be completed accurately within 24 hours of visit.
 - Rule 3 All Coding/DE will be completed within 4 days of OP Visit.
 10 days for IP discharges.
 - Rule 4 All claims will be dropped (approved and submitted) within 3 days of completed data entry and coding.
 - Rule 5 All Checks will be posted/deposited within 24 hours of payment.
 - Rule 6 All EOB's will be posted within 7 days of receipt.
 - Rule 7 All patient accounts will be closed within 60 days of billing.

Benefits of Successful Implementation

- MAXIMUM REVENUE GENERATION
- Accurate/Complete Medical Documentation
- Enhanced Provider Profiling Capabilities
- Reduced malpractice/tort action liability
- Improved Risk Management for Physicians and Hospitals
- Facilitated Quality Assurance/Accreditation mandates
- Cost Accounting/Reporting Capabilities
- COMPLIANCE with Rules and Regulations
- Quick Access to needed information
- Continuity of Care
- IMPROVED QUALITY OF CARE
- Enhancement and Protection of the entire Third Party Resource Program

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